









## American News.

New York, May 22.—The *Herald's* Havana special says, Balboa has declared himself Dictator of Hayti, but was being hemmed in Port au Prince by the revolutionists. He threatens to burn the city. English war vessels were there to protect foreign interests.

David H. Hays, a bank note engraver, of this city, has recently taken to a fortune equal to forty million dollars in United States paper currency, the bequest of his uncle, formerly an East India merchant.

The *Herald's* special says, Ralph Newton, a New York broker, was examined before the impeachment managers yesterday. He stated that Mr. W. H. Appleton, the publisher, had come to Washington some four or five weeks ago, and signified to the President, through Mr. Newton, that in case of his being convicted several gentlemen in New York intended to present him with a purse of \$100,000 in gold, and in case he should be acquitted the sum to be presented would be made \$500,000.

The republicans here fired salutes in honour of the Chicago nominations. Do-apaties from various sections of the country report similar rejoicings.

St. Louis, May 22.—Articles of agreement between the pugilist, Fred. Bussy, of Chicago, and Abe Hickey, the English bruiser, were signed yesterday, and the forfeit money put up. The fight is to take place on the 15th of July, within 15 miles of here.

HAVANA, May 22.—Two British men-of-war have arrived at Port au Prince. They demand the immediate cessation of the persecution of foreigners, otherwise they threaten to bombard the town.

The revolution in Venezuela is on the increase.

Providence, R. I., May 23.—Captain Spooner and son, of Fall River, were drowned in the bay yesterday while fishing.

New York, May 23.—A programme for the Fenian invasion of Canada in July next, supplies Gen. O'Neil with 30,000 troops. He attacks Montreal with 15,000 men, marches 5,000 men from Buffalo against Toronto and 3,000 from Detroit to the same point, and sends a body of 10,000 men to their support.

## Weston ready for a 5,000 Mile Walk.

Edward Hayson Weston, the pioneer and best known of American pedestrians, is in town, and preparing for another and greater feat than that which he accomplished so handsomely last autumn. This time the pedestrian is to walk from Bangor, Maine, to St. Paul, Minnesota, and return to Buffalo, New York, making in all 5,000 miles. This feat is to be completed in 100 consecutive days. His feat is to be done for a wage of \$20,000 a side—so all \$40,000. Mr. Goodwin still backing Weston, and Messrs. William B. Perkins, Sam G. Brock, William B. Perkins, J. G. Corroll, and Eugene M. Ball backing time. A purse of \$25,000 is also being raised to be presented to Weston if he should accomplish this marvellous feat. As he will not be allowed to walk on Sunday, he will only have 99 days in which to accomplish the feat, and will have to make the enormous average of 58 1/2 miles daily in order to win. He will also have to walk 100 miles inside of twenty-three consecutive hours five times during the march of the 5,000—that is to say, once in each thousand; and should he fail in doing this feat once, he forfeits all claim to the \$25,000 purse, and forfeits \$2,000 for each event to the backers of time in the wager. He will also walk fifty miles in ten consecutive hours, once in each thousand miles, making five times in all. In both of these feats he will be allowed two trials at each event. Mr. Weston purposes starting on or about the 8th of August from Bangor, Maine, and terminating at Buffalo, New York, on November 26th. He will be accompanied during the entire walk by six sworn judges, and there will be attached to the carriages an odometer for the correct measurement of the distance. During his walk he will pass through twelve different States, and innumerable cities and towns. The first deposit of \$5,000 was made last night in the hands of the stakeholder, Mr. Ellis.—*N.Y. Tribune.*

## Fenian Muster in Buffalo.

BUFFALO, May 25.—The 7th Regiment of Fenians, six companies, open column, uniform, arms, flags and music, with tolerable precision, marched from the Terrace to St. James' Hall Fair. They excited very little interest among the citizens at large. The fair is expected to be a great success, and opened with a rush. It is on the lottery system, and filled with varieties. Over \$10,000 is expected to be realized to help a grand review of 10,000 men near here early in June. Gen. O'Neil is not here, but is expected. Col. Star is in New York organizing for a review. They are quiet, but anxious for the Presidential campaign, defiant of either party, but want money.

## News Items.

It is estimated that there are over 35,000 Scotsmen in London.

Prince Alvaro has composed a waltz, which is having a great demand in Australia.

The sudden collapse of the Abyssinian war created an evident "excitation" in the Liverpool height market.

A convention of aeronauts, with the Duke of Argyll as President, will meet in England this summer.

A boy named Hugh Macdonald, aged 13, was drowned in the basin of the Lachine Canal on Wednesday, the 18th.

Mr. Sturgeon has devoted a recent personal gift to himself of £1,200 to the erection of two houses for destitute ministers' orphans.

Two weeks at the Drill shed in Montreal have been stopped. The contractors are already \$1,000 over their contract, and it will take over five times that amount to complete the building.

The gunboats on the lakes are to be manned by sailors from Her Majesty's ships, one of which has already arrived at Quebec, and a detachment of one hundred men are now on the way up from Montreal.

Miss Kewer, it is said, has just received the bequest of a pair of gloves worn by Shakespeare while performing upon the stage, which have successively been the inestimable treasure of Garlick, Mrs. Siddons, and a lady of rank lately deceased in England.

Four soldiers, who, on a stormy, explosive power when a small amount of water is poured upon it, a compound of water poured upon 200 ounces of sodium would cause an explosion equal to that of five thousand pounds of gunpowder or five hundred pounds of nitro-glycerine.

MUSIC IN CHURCH.—In February, the funds supplied in the Second Presbyterian Church costs \$3,760 per annum. Trinity Church pays \$2,700 for its music, while Albert Presbyterian Church allows \$2,500 for the same. One choir numbers sixty-four singers.

Rev. Mr. Penson.—A few years since P. T. Barnum wrote this distinguished lady, offering him \$10,000 per annum if he would lecture for him in America, in reply to which Mr. Penson referred him for an answer to the 13th chapter of Acts and 10th verse: "O full of all subtilty had all mightier, thou child of the devil, thou enemy of all righteousness, wilt thou not cease to pervert the right ways of the Lord?"

PUMICINO, or graphite, the material now used in manufacturing lead pencils, is obtained from a mountain in Siberia—the deposit in Cumberland, England, which was used at first, having been exhausted. The present source of supply has only been made use of since 1865, and it is estimated that it cannot be exhausted in a thousand years.

CHICKENSA will be interested to hear that the Aboriginal Black Eleven are daily expected to arrive in England from Sydney. Before leaving Australia they played a match with the Army and Navy Eleven, and had the best of it. The names of the Aborigines are Bulloky, Tiger, Red Cap, Mullagh, Cuzens, Old King Cole, Dick a Dick, Twopenny, Jim Crow and Lawrence.

WILLIAM MURRAY, a retired publican, aged 78, while walking along Basinghall street, London, stepped upon the long dress of a lady, and was thrown to the ground. The lady walked on, and a crowd gathered. The police and some men lifted the old man and carried him to the hospital, where he died soon after from the effects of a fracture of his right thigh bone. A coroner's jury returned a verdict of "accidental death."

The Berlin correspondent of the *London Times* writes:—After many experiments, we are given to understand the Prussian military chemists have succeeded in precipitating the explosive liquid known as nitro-glycerine, and reducing it to a solid. The advantage of this transformation is that its combustibility is considerably diminished, while its force remains unimpaired. The terrific substance, so long unavailable for any purposes other than where the utmost caution could be observed, is thus rendered more manageable and fitted for military use. Grenades filled with, and shot from guns of moderate calibre, are said to have smashed the strongest culmets that ever covered the sides of an iron cased ship. Supposing this to be confirmed, what we may well ask, will the new monster guns be capable of doing?

DEADLY EFFECTS OF THE CLERKENWELL EXPLOSION.—Perhaps the emboldened summary will convey some idea of the deadly effects of this atrocity: Six persons were killed "outright"; six more died from its effects, according to the coroner's inquests; five, in addition, owe their deaths indirectly to this means; one young woman is in a madhouse; forty mothers were prematurely confined, and twenty of their babes died from the effects of the explosion on the women; others of the children are dwarfed and unhealthy; one mother is now a raving maniac; 120 persons were wounded; fifty went into St. Bartholomew's, Grey's-Inn Lane, and King's College Hospitals; fifteen are permanently injured, with loss of eyes, legs, arms, etc.; besides £20,000 worth of damage to person and property. Such was the horrifying and pitiable devastation caused by that one barrel of gunpowder.

BIRTHS.—In Newmarket, on the 25th inst., the wife of Mr. J. G. Szabo, of a daughter.

MARRIED.—At the residence of the bride's father, on Tuesday, the 26th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Sanderson of Orillia, Mr. George Ruxton to Jane, eldest daughter of Mr. Joseph Millard, of this place.

At the Manse, Newmarket, on the 26th inst. by the Rev. J. Brown, Mr. George Kiser, of the Township of Whitechurch, to Miss Clara Crasler, of the Township of Reach.

Newmarket Markets.	
May 27, 1868.	
Flour 1/2 barrel	\$7 00 @ \$7 50
Spring Wheat 1/2 bushel	1 45 @ 1 52
Barley 1/2 bushel	0 00 @ 0 00
Oats 1/2 bushel	0 00 @ 0 00
Peas 1/2 bushel	0 00 @ 0 75
Dressed Hogs 1/2 100 lbs.	0 00 @ 0 00
Beef 1/2 100 lbs.	5 00 @ 6 50
Sheep, each	4 00 @ 5 00
Hides, 1/2 100 lbs.	0 00 @ 5 50
Shoeblacks, each	0 00 @ 0 50
Potatoes 1/2 bushel	0 55 @ 0 60
Good Graft Apples 1/2 bushel	0 80 @ 0 90
Butter 1/2 lb.	0 00 @ 0 17
Cheese 1/2 lb.	0 12 @ 0 15
Eggs per dozen	0 00 @ 0 10

## Toronto Markets.

May 26, 1868.	
Flour 1/2 barrel	\$5 85 @ \$6 30
Fall Wheat 1/2 bushel	0 00 @ 0 00
Spring Wheat 1/2 bushel	0 00 @ 0 00
Barley 1/2 bushel	0 00 @ 0 00
Oats 1/2 bushel	0 00 @ 0 00
Peas 1/2 bushel	0 00 @ 0 00
Dressed Hogs 1/2 100 lbs.	0 00 @ 0 00

## New Advertisements.

**N. PEARSON, DENTIST,**

Grateful for past favours, takes this opportunity of informing his friends and the public in general that he is about opening an office in Newmarket.

**OVER DR. HACKETT'S NEW DRUG STORE,** fitted up with an eye to comfort and convenience. The best material always used and

## NEWMARKET DRUG STORE.

**Dr. HACKETT,**  
Having purchased the Stock of Drugs of ROUTE & TRENT, will carry on

**The Drug Business in the New Store,**  
OPPOSITE THE "DAVISON HOUSE."

Having secured the services of  
**Mr. J. JAMES,**  
(FORMERLY OF ROUTE & TRENT'S)

**A FIRST-CLASS DRUGGIST!**

PERFECT SATISFACTION WILL BE GIVEN.

FOR THE FUTURE HIS OFFICE WILL BE AT THE STORE.

Office Hours—From 8 to 10, a.m., 1 to 3, p.m., and 6 to 8, p.m.  
Newmarket, May 20, 1868.

## JUDICIOUS ADVERTISING

IS ONE OF THE SUREST AIDS TO  
**SUCCESS IN BUSINESS!**

IF YOU WANT THE PUBLIC TO CALL AND INSPECT YOUR GOODS,  
GIVE THEM AN INVITATION TO DO SO.

BY ADVERTISING YOU WILL REACH ALL CLASSES IN THE MOST ECONOMICAL MANNER.

SEND OUT YOUR INVITATIONS WEEKLY  
And the recipients will call on you when they require anything in your line.

Advertise in the "Courier."

ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING!  
EXECUTED IN THE

NEATEST MANNER AND AT LOWEST RATES.  
ORDERS BY MAIL PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

Support your Local Paper, and subscribe for the COURIER, \$1.50 a year; if paid in advance, only \$1.25.

## IMPORTANT TO DRUGGISTS, CONFECTIONERS, AND OTHERS.

**THE INDIA & CHINA TEA COMPANY**  
INVITE applications from Druggists and others desirous to represent the Company in Towns and Districts not yet occupied. These famous Teas have met with unbounded favour wherever they have been introduced, and are sold in packets by the Company's Agents in every important city and town in the Dominion. Only one agent in each district. For particulars apply to the Canada Depot,  
No. 23, HOSPITAL STREET, MONTREAL.

NOTE—Every Packet is protected by the Company's registered Trade Mark.  
Montreal, March 16, 1868.

**SOUTER & TRENT,**  
MAIN STREET,  
NEWMARKET.

BEG to inform the public that they have disposed of their Drug Stock to Dr. Hackett, who has removed the same to his New Store, fitted up purposely for him by Mr. Pearson, Surgeon-Dentist. The Drug Store is exactly opposite Mrs. Bond's and the Davison House.

**SOUTER & TRENT**  
Also would inform their friends and customers that they have made a large addition to their Stock of

**GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOES, WINES AND SPIRITS,**  
Which they are prepared to sell

**RETAIL,**  
AT THE VERY LOWEST PRICES!  
Newmarket, May 20, 1868.

**All Kinds of School Books!**  
[NEW AND OLD SERIES.]  
At the COURIER OFFICE.

**STATIONERY! STATIONERY!**  
VERY GOOD AND CHEAP.  
At the COURIER OFFICE.

**MEMORANDUM BOOKS,**  
VERY CHEAP.  
At the COURIER OFFICE.

**Mourning Paper & Envelopes**  
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.  
At the COURIER OFFICE.

**Village Lot For Sale.**

THE undersigned offers for Sale, at a very low price, the Lot opposite R. Murray's Waggon Shop, being Lot No. 14, north side of Simcoe Street. For terms and particulars apply to  
**NELSON JOHNSON,**  
Mill Street, Newmarket.

**What every Farmer Needs!**  
AND OUGHT TO HAVE.

THE Subscriber is manufacturing ANDERSON'S

**Patent Reversible Duplex Harrow!**  
The best ever made for all kinds of work. It never fails to cover all seed no matter how uneven the ground.

The undersigned has the sole right for making them in this part of the country. They are as cheap as any other Harrows. N.B.—All kinds of farming implements on hand and made to order.  
Call and examine for yourself at the Brick Shop on Main Street.  
**JAS. S. WETHERELL,**  
Newmarket, March 18, 1868.

**IMPORTANT TO FARMERS!**  
THE Subscriber continues to manufacture his far-famed Steel Mouldboard and Steel Landside

**PLOUGHS!**  
By the thousand. He sold 42 PLOUGHS LAST year. For convenience and accommodation of his friends and customers in the neighbourhood of Newmarket, where his Ploughs are known to be superior to those of other makers, he has established an agency with Mr. MARSDEN, who will have always on hand a large supply of Ploughs which he will sell at manufacturer's prices, merely adding cost of transportation, either for Cash or on Credit. He invites attention to his

**DOUBLE-LEVER GANG PLOUGH**  
The superiority of this Plough over all other Gang Ploughs can be readily seen. The head of the Plough is one inch higher than others, is less liable to clog with sods, and is strongly braced. It has two levers—one can be raised at a time, and the Plough regulated to suit uneven ground or ridges. The levers are so constructed that the Plough can be raised six inches out of the ground, and thus driven from one furrow to another without danger of breaking.

**L. BUTTERFIELD,**  
April 15, 1868.

**BOW BELLS**  
AND OTHER MAGAZINES,  
Just received at the

**COURIER OFFICE.**  
Newmarket, May 27, 1868.

**CANADIAN NATIONAL SERIES**  
—OR—  
**READING BOOKS!**

Authorized by the Council of Public Instruction of Ontario.

First Book, with 31 Illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Five cents.  
Second Book, 2nd Part, 54 Illustrations, strongly bound in limp cloth. Ten cents.  
Third Book, 56 Illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Twenty cents.  
Fourth Book, 41 Illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Thirty cents.  
Fifth Book, 50 Illustrations, strongly bound in cloth boards. Fifty cents.

**G. M. BINNS,**  
Newmarket, Feb. 27, 1868.

**For Sale or to Rent,**  
A FARM, near Newmarket, 160 Acres cleared. For further particulars apply at this office.  
March 24, 1868.

**A Cottage to Let,**  
SITUATED on Gorman Street. Apply to Mr. Charles Gorman, or to Mr. Philip Cook, Ringwood P.O.

**NEWMARKET, April 7, 1868.**

## DIRECT IMPORTATIONS!

**BURK & HARRISON,**  
Beg to announce to their friends and customers that they have imported direct from

**GLASGOW, MANCHESTER,**  
AND OTHER MARKETS,

**A LARGE QUANTITY OF STAPLE AND FANCY DRESS GOODS!**

AS THESE GOODS WERE BOUGHT FOR CASH, And Imported Direct, we are prepared and will offer

**SUPERIOR ADVANTAGES!**

To those buying from us.

**SIGN OF THE BIG T.**  
At the sign of the Big T a

**NEW STOCK OF THE MOST FASHIONABLE HOOP SKIRTS,**  
**BURK & HARRISON.**

Newmarket, May 6, 1868.

## SOUTER & TRENT,

MAIN STREET, NEWMARKET.

**GROCERS, TEA DEALERS,**

MANUFACTURERS OF  
**GINGER WINE,**

**ORANGE TONIC, SYRUPS, &c.**

Try Souter & Trent's - - - - - Tea.

Try Souter & Trent's - - - - - Coffee.

Try Souter & Trent's - - - - - Ginger Wine.

Try Souter & Trent's - - - - - Syrups.

Try Souter & Trent's - - - - - Groceries.

**A. SOUTER, - - - - - W. TRENT.**

Newmarket, May 6, 1868.

## BRITISH WAREHOUSE!!

**NEW SPRING GOODS**  
**WM. & A. B. ORR**

WILL SHOW THE CONTENTS OF THIRTY-TWO PACKAGES OF

**STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS**

**LADIES' DRESS GOODS, CASHMERES, VELVETEENS, SILKS, REPPS, BROADCLOTHS, EMPRESS CLOTHS, VESTINGS, EXHIBITION CLOTHS, TWEEDS, DOESKINS, &c., &c., &c.**

**A LARGE STOCK OF CLOTHING,**  
NEAT, CHEAP, AND STYLISH; WITH A

**HEAVY STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES!**  
MADE EXPRESSLY TO ORDER; TOGETHER WITH A FRESH STOCK OF

**FAMILY GROCERIES, &c.,**  
Which we will sell CHEAP FOR CASH.

**SOME VERY CHEAP JOB LOTS IN STOCK.**

\* Two reasons why Wm. & A. B. Orr can and will sell Cheaper than houses giving long credits.—First, We buy for Cash in the best markets. Second, We sell for Cash, and need no large profits to cover losses.

We now thank our friends and customers for the very liberal patronage shown us, and will strive doubly to merit it this season.

**WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.**  
**WM. & A. B. ORR.**

Newmarket and Sutton, March 26, 1868.

## JUST RECEIVED!

**A LARGE AND VARIED ASSORTMENT OF**

**GERMAN WINDOW CORNICES!**  
CURTAIN BANDS, KNOBS, &c.

—ALSO—

**Another Lot of Cutlery & Plated Goods,**  
AND A FEW SETS OF THE

**GENUINE ROCHESTER COOPER TRUSS HOOPS!**

**1 Case Patent Reversible Locks.**  
OILS, PAINTS, WOODWARE, &c.

**OUR STOVES AND TINWARE!**  
WITH THE ABOVE,

**STILL EXCELS IN QUALITY AND CHEAPNESS, ANY IN THE DOMINION.**

Be kind enough to call and ascertain prices before purchasing.

**SYKES & ELVIDGE.**  
Newmarket, March 11, 1868.

## TREMENDOUS BARGAINS!!!

AS WE INTEND  
Enlarging our Premises,  
We now offer remainder of

**STOVES!**  
At Cost;  
AND EVERYTHING IN THE

**HARDWARE LINE**  
AT PRICES

More Satisfactory Than can be obtained elsewhere.

The Whole must Positively be Cleared Out To save expense of moving.

**SYKES & ELVIDGE.**  
Newmarket, Jan. 23, 1868.

**Money to Loan.**  
APPLY TO

**A. BOULTBEE.**

**J. H. JOHNSON'S**  
Sash, Blind, Door, and

**PLANING FACTORY**  
Is now in full operation.

A CALL FROM BUILDERS SOLICITED.

A Good assortment of  
**MOULDINGS**  
Always on hand.

N.B.—Custom Planing done at any time.

SHOP—Corner Mill & Baglan-sts.,  
NEWMARKET.

January 23, 1867.

## CARD.

A. SOUTER begs to return his sincere thanks to his friends and customers for the liberal patronage bestowed on him in past years, and to assure them under the new firm he will, as before, be ready to wait on them, and give them First-Rate Goods at a Low Price.

Newmarket, Dec. 30, 1867.

JUST PUBLISHED,

**The CANADIAN SPEAKER**

AND  
**ELOCUTIONARY READER,**  
COMPRISING a Choice Collection of Oration, Dialogue, and Poetry, suitable for School and College Recitations, and Public and Social Readings, with Introductory Remarks on the Principles of Elocution.

Edited and compiled by  
**EDWARD HARTLEY DEWART.**  
328 PAGES. PRICE 75 CENTS.

G. M. BINNS,  
Newmarket, Feb. 27, 1868.

**Money to Lend.**  
MONEY TO LEND at Reduced Rates, and on terms most advantageous to the Farming Community.

NO COMMISSION CHARGED.  
Expenses Moderate.  
Apply to  
**J. W. COLLINS,**  
NEWMARKET.

December 20, 1867.

**SMALL WARES, FISHING TACKLE, FIRE WORKS, &c.**  
At the COURIER OFFICE.

**THE BEST COUGH MEDICINE!**  
IS THE WORLD:

**DR. JODIN'S FRENCH COUGH LEVERS**  
SHOULD be resorted to in all cases of Cough, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Catarrh, Croup, Colds, Asthma, Shortness of Breath, and all Disorders of the Throat and Lungs.

They are recommended with confidence to Ministers, School Teachers, public Speakers, Singers, Auctioneers, &c. The Levers have been thoroughly tested in practice, and without a doubt, are better than any similar medicine yet introduced to the public.

**READ THE FOLLOWING:**  
Halifax, N.S., Nov. 16, 1867.

I have given Dr. Jodin's French Cough Levers a full trial, and have little hesitation in saying that for a relief from hoarseness and sore throat, I much prefer them to either Bryan's or Brown's.

T. W. CASEY,  
Lecturer to the R.W.G.L. of I.O. of G. Templars.

Napance, November 28, 1867.

I have used Dr. Jodin's French Cough Levers with great satisfaction and can confidently say, after testing them for weeks in special services, that I think them better than any other.

JOHN S. CLARKE, *Wesleyan Minister.*

Toronto, February 23, 1868



THE PRINCELY VISIT TO IRELAND.

The Prince of Wales, Duke of Cornwall and Devon, Earl of Chester, and Duke of Rothesay, accompanied by the Princess Alice, Duchess of Gloucester, and the Duke of Edinburgh, arrived in Ireland on the 10th inst. for a tour of the country. The Prince of Wales, who is now in the 25th year of his age, is a tall, well-proportioned man, with a fair complexion and dark hair. He is a member of the Order of the Garter, and has been created a Knight of the Order of St. Michael and St. George. The Princess Alice, who is now in the 24th year of her age, is a tall, well-proportioned woman, with a fair complexion and dark hair. She is a member of the Order of the Garter, and has been created a Knight of the Order of St. Michael and St. George. The Duke of Cornwall and Devon, who is now in the 25th year of his age, is a tall, well-proportioned man, with a fair complexion and dark hair. He is a member of the Order of the Garter, and has been created a Knight of the Order of St. Michael and St. George. The Duke of Rothesay, who is now in the 25th year of his age, is a tall, well-proportioned man, with a fair complexion and dark hair. He is a member of the Order of the Garter, and has been created a Knight of the Order of St. Michael and St. George.

Miscellaneous.

The Dust Bin. There is not one particle in the heap the scavenger removes from our houses that is not again, and that speedily, put into circulation and profitably employed. No sooner is the dust conveyed to the yard of the contractor than it is attacked by what are called the "hill women," who, in their hands, do, in a very short time, separate the mass, by a rude analysis, into its elements. The most valuable of these items are the waste pieces of coal, and what is termed the "breaze," or coal-dust and half-burnt ashes. The amount of waste that goes on in London households in this item of coal can hardly be conceived, unless the spectator seizes the quantity that is daily rescued in these yards. It may be measured by the fact that after selling the larger pieces to the poor, the refuse "breaze" is sufficient to bake the bricks that are rebuilding London. Most of the dust contractors are builders as well, and the breaze is used by them for the purpose of embedding the newly-made bricks into compact square stacks, which are seen everywhere in the suburbs of London. The breaze having been fired, the mass burns with a slow combustion, aided by the circulation of air, which is kept up by the method of stacking; and in the course of two or three weeks the London clay is converted into good building material. Thus our houses may be said to arise again from the refuse they have cast out; and not only are the bricks baked by their aid, but they are built in part with mortar made from the road scrapings, which is pounded granite, and combines very well with the lime and ashes, of which the mortar is composed. Nay, even the campt, with which some of the smaller houses are faced, is very largely adulterated with this particular refuse.—Quarterly Review.

A Blue Horse.

There is now on exhibition in London a "blue horse," which is fourteen and a half hands high, and has no trace of hair or roots of hair on any part of its body. Its skin is smooth and delicate, feeling to the touch like india-rubber, and very warm, and forms in curious wrinkles when the animal moves. It is of a purplish gray colour over a greater part of the body, its face is buff, and there is a large patch of the same colour extending over half the back, with numerous blotches; the tail resembles that of a pig. At a distance it looks as if formed of some variety of rare oriental marble. It was obtained by Mr. Lassar, a merchant, in 1860, on the Gambia river, from a herd of quagga, and sent to the Cape. It was taken to England in 1863, broken in at Astley's, and afterwards ridden three parts of a season with Lord Stamford's hounds. It had been examined by professor Sponcer, of the veterinary college, who pronounced it to be eight years old, and who also delivered a lecture on it to his pupils. It does well in harness, but being entirely naked requires warm clothing. It is strictly friendly. When first captured it was blue all over, with the exception of one foot; but the colour gradually diminished as it was brought to England, and the owner thinks in time it will lose it entirely. He washes it daily in cold water, which he says is necessary to keep it in health.

Milk.

The monthly supply of milk from the country into London is 508,000 gallons. The western counties contribute 140,000 gallons; the eastern counties 125,000 gallons; the northern counties 95,000; Hants and Berks, 55,000 gallons; and from other districts the daily supply is augmented by 18,500 gallons. Kent and Sussex are the lowest contributing counties; and at the present daily average, 6,604,000 gallons of milk are annually brought from the country to London; and this is increased by metropolitan dairymen to an extent of another third, and is daily retained out to about 260,000 customers. The aggregate supply of milk consigned to London is the produce of 20,000 cows in the country. The wholesale prices charged are at an average of 2s. per gallon (eight quarts); and the value of milk brought to London for consumption represents a sum of £650,400 per annum.

Good humor is the only shield to keep off the darts of the satirical railler.

Good humor is the only shield to keep off the darts of the satirical railler. If you have a quiver well stored, and are sure of hitting between the joints of the harness, do not spare him. But you had better not bend your bow, than miss your aim. The Aeronautical Society intend to make him shoot at the Crystal Palace in June. Many foreigners, it is hoped, will exhibit, and there will be some odd notions shown. It is said that a Glasgow mechanic has invented a large machine like a bird, which, it is hoped, will fly as the models on a small scale have been made. In the course of a trial of an engine driven at the Gloucester Arsenal, on a charge of manslaughter, of which he was acquitted, the counsel for the defence incidentally gave an easy rule for remembering and distinguishing railway signals. "What for 'right' and for 'wrong'?" "A green for 'right' and a red for 'wrong'." "And green for 'right' and a red for 'wrong'?" "A green for 'right' and a red for 'wrong'."

Why sits that maiden sad and pale?

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Miscellaneous.

The Dust Bin. There is not one particle in the heap the scavenger removes from our houses that is not again, and that speedily, put into circulation and profitably employed. No sooner is the dust conveyed to the yard of the contractor than it is attacked by what are called the "hill women," who, in their hands, do, in a very short time, separate the mass, by a rude analysis, into its elements. The most valuable of these items are the waste pieces of coal, and what is termed the "breaze," or coal-dust and half-burnt ashes. The amount of waste that goes on in London households in this item of coal can hardly be conceived, unless the spectator seizes the quantity that is daily rescued in these yards. It may be measured by the fact that after selling the larger pieces to the poor, the refuse "breaze" is sufficient to bake the bricks that are rebuilding London. Most of the dust contractors are builders as well, and the breaze is used by them for the purpose of embedding the newly-made bricks into compact square stacks, which are seen everywhere in the suburbs of London. The breaze having been fired, the mass burns with a slow combustion, aided by the circulation of air, which is kept up by the method of stacking; and in the course of two or three weeks the London clay is converted into good building material. Thus our houses may be said to arise again from the refuse they have cast out; and not only are the bricks baked by their aid, but they are built in part with mortar made from the road scrapings, which is pounded granite, and combines very well with the lime and ashes, of which the mortar is composed. Nay, even the campt, with which some of the smaller houses are faced, is very largely adulterated with this particular refuse.—Quarterly Review.

A Blue Horse.

There is now on exhibition in London a "blue horse," which is fourteen and a half hands high, and has no trace of hair or roots of hair on any part of its body. Its skin is smooth and delicate, feeling to the touch like india-rubber, and very warm, and forms in curious wrinkles when the animal moves. It is of a purplish gray colour over a greater part of the body, its face is buff, and there is a large patch of the same colour extending over half the back, with numerous blotches; the tail resembles that of a pig. At a distance it looks as if formed of some variety of rare oriental marble. It was obtained by Mr. Lassar, a merchant, in 1860, on the Gambia river, from a herd of quagga, and sent to the Cape. It was taken to England in 1863, broken in at Astley's, and afterwards ridden three parts of a season with Lord Stamford's hounds. It had been examined by professor Sponcer, of the veterinary college, who pronounced it to be eight years old, and who also delivered a lecture on it to his pupils. It does well in harness, but being entirely naked requires warm clothing. It is strictly friendly. When first captured it was blue all over, with the exception of one foot; but the colour gradually diminished as it was brought to England, and the owner thinks in time it will lose it entirely. He washes it daily in cold water, which he says is necessary to keep it in health.

Milk.

The monthly supply of milk from the country into London is 508,000 gallons. The western counties contribute 140,000 gallons; the eastern counties 125,000 gallons; the northern counties 95,000; Hants and Berks, 55,000 gallons; and from other districts the daily supply is augmented by 18,500 gallons. Kent and Sussex are the lowest contributing counties; and at the present daily average, 6,604,000 gallons of milk are annually brought from the country to London; and this is increased by metropolitan dairymen to an extent of another third, and is daily retained out to about 260,000 customers. The aggregate supply of milk consigned to London is the produce of